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Comparison of the virulence of some isolates of *Beauveria bassiana* on adult sunn pests and the effect of plant oils on conidial germination of the most virulent one

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ABSTRACT

Using Sunn pest as target insect the LC_{50} and LT_{50} of eight different Iranian and imported isolates of *Beauveria bassiana* have evaluated under laboratory condition. The lowest LC_{50} and LT_{50} values were observed in isolate DEBI002 being 3.78×10^{-3} spores/ml. and 8.55 days respectively showing among tested isolates the latter is the most virulent one. Five different plant oils were used to evaluate the viability of the spores of selected isolate during storage. Among the oils tested the palm oil showed to be the most and Sesame oil the least suitable carriers for *B. bassiana* aerial conidia.

Key words: Beauveria bassiana, Bioassay, Eurygaster integriceps, Plant oils, conidial viability.

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Comparison of the virulence of some isolates of Beauveria bassiana on adult sunn pests ...

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